## SOMATX2

## MX411B-R



## Ultra-rugged highly dynamic universal amplifier

## Special features

- 4 individually configurable inputs (electrically isolated)
- Connection of more than 5 transducer technologies
- Sampling rate of up to $100 \mathrm{kS} / \mathrm{s}$ per channel, $200 \mathrm{kS} / \mathrm{s}$ in 2 channels, active low-pass filter
- TEDS support
- Use in harsh environments (shock, vibration, temperature, dewing, moisture)
- Supply voltage for active transducers


## Block diagram



## Specifications MX411B-R



1) By using the variable transducer excitation voltage, the electrical isolation to the supply is bridged.
2) Higher sample rate range only when using max. 2 channels
3) Higher bandwidth only when higher sample rates are used (max. 2 channels)
4) Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) ) for prolonged interruption of power, available as an accessory.
5) Hops: transition from module to module or signal conditioning/distribution via IEEE1394b FireWire (hub, backplane)
6) Hub: IEEE1394b FireWire node or distributor
7) The DC voltage supply must meet the requirements of IEC 60950-1 on a SELV voltage supply.

## Specifications MX411B-R (Continued)

| Operational height, max. | m |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Max. input voltage at transducer socket to ground (PIN 13 |  | 5,000 |
| or PIN 4), without transients |  |  |
| PIN 1, 2, 5, 8, 11, 12, 14 (bridge and TEDS) | V | $\pm 5.5$ |
| PIN 3 (voltage) | V | $\pm 40$ |
| PIN 6 (current) | V | $\pm 1.5$ |
| PIN 5 (control circuits) | V | +3.3 |
| Dimensions, horizontal (H x W x D) | mm | $80 \times 205 \times 140$ |
| Weight, approx. |  | 1,900 |


| Strain gauge full bridge and half bridge, bridge excitation: carrier frequency |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.05 |
| Carrier frequency (sine) | Hz | 4,800 $\pm 2$ |
| Bridge excitation voltage | V | 1; 2.5; 5 ( $\pm 5$ \%) |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer | m | 100 |
| Measuring ranges at 5 V excitation at 2.5 V excitation at 1 V excitation | $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 4 \\ \pm 8 \\ \pm 20 \end{gathered}$ |
| Transducer impedances at 5 V excitation at 2.5 V excitation at 1 V excitation | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 300 \ldots 1,000 \\ 110 \ldots 1,000 \\ 80 \ldots 1,000 \end{gathered}$ |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 5 V excitation with 1 Hz Bessel filter with 10 Hz Bessel filter with 100 Hz Bessel filter with 1 kHz Bessel filter | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.1 \\ & <0.2 \\ & <0.5 \\ & <1.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-linearity | \% | < 0.02 of full scale value |
| Zero drift (full bridge with 5 V excitation) | \%/10 K | $<0.02$ of full scale value |
| Full-scale drift (5 V excitation) | \%/10 K | < 0.05 of measured value |


| Strain gauge full bridge and half bridge, bridge excitation: DC voltage |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.05 |
| Bridge excitation voltage (DC) | V | 1; 2.5; 5; 7.5 ( $\pm 8$ \%) |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer | m | 100 (at $\left.\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{B}}=7.5 \mathrm{~V}: 50 \mathrm{~m}\right)$ |
| Measuring ranges at 7.5 V excitation at 5 V excitation at 2.5 V excitation at 1 V excitation | $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 4 \\ \pm 4 \\ \pm 10 \\ \pm 20 \end{gathered}$ |
| Transducer impedance at 7.5 V excitation at 5 V excitation at 2.5 V excitation at 1 V excitation | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 300 \ldots 5,000 \text { (max. } 50 \mathrm{~m} \text { cable) } \\ 110 \ldots 5,000 \\ 110 \ldots 5,000 \\ 80 \ldots 5,000 \end{gathered}$ |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 5 V excitation with 1 Hz Bessel filter with 10 Hz Bessel filter with 100 Hz Bessel filter with 1 kHz Bessel filter with 10 kHz Bessel filter with filter off | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <0.15 \\ & <0.3 \\ & <0.6 \\ & <2 \\ & <9 \\ & <10 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-linearity | \% | < 0.02 of full scale value |
| Zero drift (full bridge with 5 V excitation) | \%/10 K | < 0.05 of full scale value |
| Full-scale drift (5 V excitation) | \%/10 K | < 0.05 of measured value |

## Specifications MX411B-R (Continued)

| Inductive full bridge and half bridge, bridge excitation: carrier frequency |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.05 |
| Carrier frequency (sine) | Hz | $4,800 \pm 2$ |
| Bridge excitation voltage | V | $1 ; 2.5( \pm 8 \%)$ |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer | m | 100 |
| Measuring ranges <br> at 2.5 V excitation <br> at 1 V excitation | $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ |  |
| Transducer impedances <br> at 2.5 V excitation <br> at 1 V excitation | $\mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V}$ | $\pm 100$ |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at 25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 2.5 V excitation |  | $\pm 250$ |
| with 1 Hz Bessel filter | $\Omega$ | $110 \ldots 1,000$ |
| with 10 Hz Bessel filter | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ | $80 \ldots 1,000$ |
| with 100 Hz Bessel filter | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ |  |
| with 1 kHz Bessel filter | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ | $<2$ |
| Non-linearity | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ | $<4$ |
| Zero drift (full bridge with 2.5 V excitation) | $\%$ | $<12$ |
| Full-scale drift (2.5 V excitation) | $\% / 10 \mathrm{~K}$ | $<40$ |


| Piezoresistive full bridge, bridge excitation: DC voltage |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.05 |
| Bridge excitation voltage (DC) | V | 2.5; 5 ( $\pm 5$ \%) |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer | m | 100 |
| Measuring ranges at 5 V excitation at 2.5 V excitation | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V} \\ & \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 50 \\ \pm 100 \end{gathered}$ |
| Transducer impedances at 5 V excitation at 2.5 V excitation | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\ & \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 110 \ldots 5,000 \\ & 110 \ldots 5,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 5 V excitation with 1 Hz Bessel filter with 10 Hz Bessel filter with 100 Hz Bessel filter with 1 kHz Bessel filter with 10 kHz Bessel filter with filter off | $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ $\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <2 \\ & <3 \\ & <8 \\ & <25 \\ & <130 \\ & <150 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-linearity | \% | < 0.02 of full scale value |
| Zero drift (5 V excitation) | \%/10 K | < 0.03 of full scale value |
| Full-scale drift (5 V excitation) | \%/10 K | < 0.05 of measured value |

## Specifications MX411B-R (Continued)

| Voltage $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.03 |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer | m | 100 |
| Measuring range | V | $\pm 10$ |
| Internal resistance of connected voltage source | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ | < 5 |
| Input impedance | $\mathrm{M} \Omega$ | > 10 |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with 1 Hz Bessel filter with 10 Hz Bessel filter with 100 Hz Bessel filter with 1 kHz Bessel filter with 10 kHz filter with filter off / 9600 values/s | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <25 \\ & <50 \\ & <100 \\ & <300 \\ & <600 \\ & <1,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-linearity | \% | < 0.02 of full scale value |
| Common-mode rejections at DC common mode at 50 Hz common mode | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $>100$ <br> typically 75 |
| Max. Common-mode voltage (to housing and supply ground) | V | $\pm 60$ |
| Zero drift | \%/10 K | < 0.02 of full scale value |
| Full-scale drift | \%/10 K | < 0.03 of measured value |


| Current 20 mA |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.03 |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer | m | 100 |
| Measuring range | mA | $\pm 20$ |
| Measuring resistance value | $\Omega$ | 50 |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at 25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> with 1 Hz Bessel filter <br> with 10 Hz Bessel filter <br> with 100 Hz Bessel filter <br> with 1 kHz Bessel filter <br> with 10 kHz Bessel filter <br> with filter off | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $<0.5$ |
| Non-linearity | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $<1.5$ |
| Common-mode rejections | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $<10$ |
| at DC common mode <br> at 50 Hz common mode | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $<20$ |
| Max. $C o m m o n-m o d e ~ v o l t a g e ~$ <br> (to housing and supply ground) | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ | $<28$ |
| Zero drift | dB | $<30$ |
| Full-scale drift | dB | $<0.02$ of full scale value |

## Specifications MX411B-R (Continued)

| Current-fed piezoelectric transducers (IEPE, ICP ${ }^{(8)}$ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accuracy class |  | 0.1 |
| Permissible cable length between module and transducer May be laid inside closed buildings only | m | < 30 |
| Transducer excitation | mA | $4 \mathrm{~mA} \pm 15 \%$ |
| Measuring ranges (AC) | V | $\pm 2 ; \pm 10$ |
| IEPE compliance voltage, typ. | V | 21 |
| Noise (peak-to-peak) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and measuring range $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ for 1 Hz Bessel filter for 10 Hz Bessel filter for 100 Hz Bessel filter for 1 kHz Bessel filter for 10 kHz Bessel filter for filter off | $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <25 \\ & <50 \\ & <100 \\ & <300 \\ & <600 \\ & <1,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-linearity | \% | $<0.1$ of full scale value |
| Common-mode rejections at DC common mode at 50 Hz common mode, typically | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} >100 \\ 75 \end{gathered}$ |
| Max. Common-mode voltage (to housing and supply ground) | V | $\pm 60$ |
| Zero drift | \%/10 K | < 0.1 of full scale value |
| Full-scale drift | \%/10 K | < 0.03 of measured value |

## Real-time calculation at the module

| Root mean square value (RMS) |  | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Peak value |  | 8 |
| $\quad$ Number of peak values |  | 8 |
| $\quad$ Output rate, max. | Hz | 4,800 |

Decimal sample rates and Bessel digital low-pass filters
(4th order Bessel at sample rates $<\mathbf{1 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z}$; 6th order at sample rate $=\mathbf{1 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime ${ }^{\text { }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {(ms) }}$ | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\otimes} \\ & \mathbb{N} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ | 20,616 | 30,000 | 44,600 | 0.002 | 0.01 | 2.8 | 100,000 |
|  | 12,373 | 20,000 | 43,000 | 0.005 | 0.02 | 1.0 | 100,000 |
|  | 5,917 | 10,000 | 23,465 | 0.021 | 0.04 | 0.8 | 100,000 |
|  | 2,929 | 5,000 | 11,715 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.8 | 100,000 |
|  | 1,164 | 2,000 | 4,700 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.8 | 100,000 |
|  | 584 | 1,000 | 2,350 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 292 | 500 | 1,175 | 0.82 | 0.70 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 117 | 200 | 470 | 2.10 | 1.70 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 58.0 | 100 | 235 | 4.20 | 3.50 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 29.2 | 50 | 117.5 | 8.50 | 7.0 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 11.7 | 20 | 47 | 21.3 | 17.0 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 5.80 | 10 | 23.5 | 42.7 | 35.0 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 2.91 | 5 | 11.74 | 85.5 | 70.0 | 0.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 1.19 | 2 | 5.04 | 187 | 175 | 0.9 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.59 | 1 | 2.54 | 351 | 350 | 0.8 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.30 | 0.5 | 1.27 | 680 | 700 | 0.8 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.12 | 0.2 | 0.51 | 1,669 | 1,751 | 0.8 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.06 | 0.1 | 0.25 | 3,315 | 3,499 | 0.8 | 1,000 |

${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $277 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

Decimal sample rates: Bessel filter amplitude response


## Decimal sample rates and Butterworth digital low-pass filters

(4th order Butterworth at sample rates $<\mathbf{1 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z} ; 6$ th order at sample rate $\mathbf{= 1 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime ${ }^{\text { }}$ ( ms ) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 28,269 | 30,000 | 35,359 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 193 | 100,000 |
|  | 18,328 | 20,000 | 26,009 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 17.6 | 100,000 |
|  | 8,994 | 10,000 | 14,155 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 15.5 | 100,000 |
|  | 4,475 | 5,000 | 7,265 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 15 | 100,000 |
|  | 1,787 | 2,000 | 2,929 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 894 | 1,000 | 1,466 | 0.70 | 0.40 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 447 | 500 | 733 | 1.30 | 0.80 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 179 | 200 | 293 | 3.30 | 2.00 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 89 | 100 | 147 | 6.60 | 4.00 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 44.7 | 50 | 73.3 | 13.0 | 8.00 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 17.9 | 20 | 29.3 | 33.0 | 21.0 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 8.9 | 10 | 14.7 | 66.0 | 43.0 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 4.47 | 5 | 7.33 | 132 | 85.0 | 14 | 100,000 |
|  | 1.69 | 2 | 3.55 | 248 | 194 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.84 | 1 | 1.78 | 471 | 387 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.42 | 0.5 | 0.89 | 921 | 774 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.17 | 0.2 | 0.35 | 2,266 | 1,934 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.08 | 0.1 | 0.18 | 4,510 | 3,869 | 11 | 1,000 |

${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $277 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

Decimal HBM sample rates : Butterworth filter amplitude response


Decimal sample rates and digital low-pass filters (two-channel mode), Bessel
(4th order for sample rates $<\mathbf{2 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z} ; 6$ th order for sample rate $=\mathbf{2 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {(ms) }}$ | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\otimes} \\ & \mathbb{N} \\ & \oplus \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 41,232 | 60,000 | 89,200 | 0.001 | 0.005 | 2.8 | 200,000 |
|  | 24,746 | 40,000 | 86,000 | 0.0025 | 0.01 | 1.0 | 200,000 |
|  | 11,834 | 20,000 | 46,930 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.8 | 200,000 |
|  | 5,858 | 10,000 | 23,430 | 0.03 | 0.035 | 0.8 | 200,000 |
|  | 2,328 | 4,000 | 8,400 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.8 | 200,000 |
|  | 1,168 | 2,000 | 4,700 | 0.40 | 0.15 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 584 | 1,000 | 2,350 | 0.82 | 0.35 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 234 | 400 | 940 | 2.10 | 0.85 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 116 | 200 | 470 | 4.20 | 1.75 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 58.4 | 100 | 235 | 8.50 | 3.50 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 23.4 | 40 | 94 | 21.3 | 8.50 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 11.6 | 20 | 47 | 42.7 | 17.50 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 5.82 | 10 | 23.48 | 85.5 | 35.0 | 0.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 2.38 | 4 | 10.08 | 187 | 87.5 | 0.9 | 1,000 |
|  | 1.18 | 2 | 5.08 | 351 | 175 | 0.8 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.60 | 1 | 2.54 | 680 | 350 | 0.8 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.24 | 0.4 | 1.02 | 1,669 | 875 | 0.8 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.12 | 0.2 | 0.50 | 3,315 | 1,750 | 0.8 | 1,000 |

${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $140 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

Decimal sample rates and digital low-pass filters (two-channel mode), Butterworth
(4th order for sample rates $<\mathbf{2 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z} ; 6$ th order for sample rate $\mathbf{= 2 0 0 , 0 0 0 ~ H z}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime ${ }^{*}$ ) (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 56,538 | 60,000 | 70,718 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 193 | 200,000 |
|  | 36,656 | 40,000 | 52,018 | 0.015 | 0.015 | 17.6 | 200,000 |
|  | 17,988 | 20,000 | 28,310 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 15.5 | 200,000 |
|  | 8,950 | 10,000 | 14,530 | 0.05 | 0.045 | 15 | 200,000 |
|  | 3,576 | 4,000 | 5,858 | 0.15 | 0.10 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 1,788 | 2,000 | 2,932 | 0.35 | 0.20 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 894 | 1,000 | 1,466 | 0.65 | 0.40 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 358 | 400 | 586 | 1.65 | 1.00 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 178 | 200 | 294 | 3.30 | 2.00 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 89.4 | 100 | 147 | 6.50 | 4.00 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 35.8 | 40 | 59 | 16.5 | 10.5 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 17.8 | 20 | 29.4 | 33.0 | 21.5 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 8.94 | 10 | 14.66 | 66.0 | 42.5 | 14 | 200,000 |
|  | 3.38 | 4 | 7.1 | 124 | 97.0 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 1.68 | 2 | 3.6 | 235 | 193 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.84 | 1 | 1.78 | 460 | 387 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.34 | 0.4 | 0.70 | 1,133 | 967 | 11 | 1,000 |
|  | 0.16 | 0.2 | 0.36 | 2,255 | 1,934 | 11 | 1,000 |

[^0]Decimal sample rates and digital low-pass filters, linear phase (FIR)

| Type | Start of level drop | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime*) (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8,333 | 10,530 | 13,460 | 1,130 | 0,055 | 8,6 | 25,000 |
|  | 6,667 | 8,380 | 10,780 | 0.410 | 0,07 | 8,6 | 20,000 |
|  | 3,333 | 3,900 | 4,580 | 0.802 | 0.117 | 8.6 | 20,000 |
|  | 1,667 | 2,100 | 2,694 | 2.41 | 0.274 | 8.6 | 5,000 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,130 | 1,308 | 6.21 | 0.544 | 8.6 | 2,500 |
|  | 833 | 1,050 | 1,346 | 4.01 | 0.551 | 8.6 | 2,500 |
|  | 667 | 838 | 1,078 | 4.80 | 0.694 | 8.6 | 1,000 |
|  | 333 | 420 | 539 | 10.4 | 1.39 | 8.6 | 1,000 |
|  | 167 | 210 | 269 | 26.9 | 2.73 | 8.6 | 500 |
|  | 67 | 84 | 108 | 50.2 | 6.88 | 8.6 | 200 |
|  | 33 | 42 | 54 | 108 | 13.8 | 8.6 | 100 |

${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $277 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

Decimal sample rates: amplitude response, linear phase (FIR)


Decimal sample rates and digital low-pass filters, Butterworth (FIR)

| Type | Start of level drop | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime ${ }^{\text {® }}$ (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 든000000 | 1,498 | 1,700 | 2,220 | 3,2 | 0,285 | 15,6 | 10,000 |
|  | 1,384 | 1,500 | 1,887 | 3.48 | 0.346 | 18.7 | 10,000 |
|  | 698 | 750 | 924 | 5.56 | 0.682 | 18.7 | 5,000 |
|  | 344 | 370 | 471 | 14.1 | 1.40 | 18.7 | 2,500 |
|  | 275 | 300 | 377 | 17.3 | 1.75 | 18.7 | 2,000 |
|  | 140 | 150 | 185 | 27.6 | 3.41 | 18.7 | 1,000 |
|  | 69 | 75 | 94 | 71.8 | 6.97 | 18.7 | 500 |
|  | 28 | 30 | 37 | 139 | 17.0 | 18.7 | 200 |
|  | 14 | 15 | 19 | 358 | 34.9 | 18.7 | 100 |

${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $277 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

## Decimal sample rates: Butterworth filter amplitude response (FIR)



Classic HBM sample rates and digital low-pass filters, Bessel
(4th order for sample rates $<96,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$; 6 th order for sample rate $=96,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ©©©- | 20,000 | 29,250 | 43,000 | 0.002 | 0.016 | 4.1 | 96,000 |
|  | 10,000 | 16,810 | 40,260 | 0.008 | 0.023 | 1.5 | 96,000 |
|  | 5,000 | 8,510 | 19,906 | 0.027 | 0.042 | 0.9 | 96,000 |
|  | 2,000 | 3,515 | 8,275 | 0.094 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 96,000 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,715 | 4,070 | 0.22 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 96,000 |
|  | 500 | 852 | 2,008 | 0.47 | 0.41 | 0.6 | 96,000 |
|  | 200 | 341 | 803 | 1.22 | 1.01 | 0.8 | 96,000 |
|  | 100 | 171 | 402 | 2.5 | 2.01 | 0.8 | 96,000 |
|  | 50 | 84.2 | 215 | 4 | 4.08 | 1 | 19,200 |
|  | 20 | 33.7 | 86 | 10 | 10.2 | 1 | 9,600 |
|  | 10 | 16.9 | 43 | 20 | 20.6 | 1 | 9,600 |
|  | 5 | 8.41 | 21.5 | 40 | 41 | 1 | 4,800 |
|  | 2 | 3.37 | 8.6 | 98 | 102.8 | 1 | 1,200 |
|  | 1 | 1.58 | 4.3 | 196 | 206.4 | 1 | 600 |
|  | 0.5 | 0.84 | 2.15 | 392 | 411.2 | 1 | 600 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.34 | 0.86 | 982 | 1,026 | 1 | 300 |
|  | 0.1 | 0.17 | 0.43 | 1,968 | 2,052 | 1 | 150 |

${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $293 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

Classic HBM sample rates and Butterworth digital low-pass filters
(4th order for sample rates $<96,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$; 6th order for sample rate $=96,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E000000 | 20,000 | 21,700 | 27,500 | 0.025 | 0.02 | 15.6 | 96,000 |
|  | 10,000 | 11,100 | 15,500 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 15.6 | 96,000 |
|  | 5,000 | 5,585 | 8,100 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 14.5 | 96,000 |
|  | 2,000 | 2,238 | 3,280 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 14.5 | 96,000 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,119 | 1,640 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 14.5 | 96,000 |
|  | 500 | 560 | 820 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 14.5 | 96,000 |
|  | 200 | 237 | 420 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 11 | 19,200 |
|  | 100 | 118 | 210 | 4 | 3.3 | 11 | 19,200 |
|  | 50 | 59 | 105 | 7.8 | 6.6 | 11 | 19,200 |
|  | 20 | 24 | 42 | 19.4 | 16.1 | 11 | 4,800 |
|  | 10 | 11.8 | 21 | 38.6 | 32.4 | 11 | 2,400 |
|  | 5 | 5.9 | 10.5 | 76.5 | 65 | 11 | 1,200 |
|  | 2 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 191 | 163 | 11 | 600 |
|  | 1 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 382 | 325 | 11 | 300 |
|  | 0.5 | 0.59 | 1.05 | 760 | 653 | 11 | 300 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.24 | 0.42 | 1,900 | 1,630 | 11 | 150 |
|  | 0.1 | 0.12 | 0.21 | 3,790 | 3,260 | 11 | 150 |

[^1]Classic HBM sample rates and digital low-pass filters (two-channel mode), Bessel
(4th order for sample rates $<192,000 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 6$ th order for sample rate $=192,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\otimes} \\ & \mathbb{N} \\ & \varnothing \sim \end{aligned}$ | 40,000 | 58,500 | 86,000 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 1.6 | 192,000 |
|  | 20,000 | 33,620 | 80,520 | 0.004 | 0.012 | 1.5 | 192,000 |
|  | 10,000 | 17,020 | 39,812 | 0.0135 | 0.021 | 0.9 | 192,000 |
|  | 4,000 | 7,030 | 16,550 | 0.047 | 0.05 | 0.6 | 192,000 |
|  | 2,000 | 3,430 | 8,140 | 0.11 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 192,000 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,704 | 4,016 | 0.235 | 0.21 | 0.6 | 192,000 |
|  | 400 | 682 | 1,606 | 0.61 | 0.51 | 0.8 | 192,000 |
|  | 200 | 342 | 804 | 1.25 | 1.00 | 0.8 | 192,000 |
|  | 100 | 168.4 | 430 | 2 | 2.04 | 1 | 192,000 |
|  | 40 | 67.4 | 172 | 5 | 5.1 | 1 | 192,000 |
|  | 20 | 33.8 | 86 | 10 | 10.3 | 1 | 192,000 |
|  | 10 | 16.82 | 43 | 20 | 20.5 | 1 | 9,600 |
|  | 4 | 6.74 | 17.2 | 49 | 51.4 | 1 | 2,400 |
|  | 2 | 3.36 | 8.6 | 98 | 103.2 | 1 | 1,200 |
|  | 1.0 | 1.68 | 4.3 | 196 | 205.6 | 1 | 1,200 |
|  | 0.4 | 0.68 | 1.72 | 491 | 513 | 1 | 600 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.34 | 0.86 | 984 | 1,026 | 1 | 300 |

*) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $141 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!
Classic HBM sample rates and digital low-pass filters (two-channel mode), Butterworth
(4th order for sample rates $<192,000 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 6$ th order for sample rate $=192,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )

| Type | -1 dB (Hz) | -3 dB (Hz) | -20 dB (Hz) | Runtime (ms) | Rise time (ms) | Overshoot (\%) | Sample rate (Hz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 든Z0000 | 40,000 | 43,400 | 55,000 | 0.013 | 0.01 | 17.8 | 192,000 |
|  | 20,000 | 22,200 | 31,000 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 15.6 | 192,000 |
|  | 10,000 | 11,170 | 16,200 | 0.07 | 0.04 | 14.5 | 192,000 |
|  | 4,000 | 4,476 | 6,560 | 0.15 | 0.1 | 14.5 | 192,000 |
|  | 2,000 | 2,238 | 3,280 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 14.5 | 192,000 |
|  | 1,000 | 1,120 | 1,640 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 14.5 | 192,000 |
|  | 400 | 474 | 840 | 1.05 | 0.8 | 14.5 | 192,000 |
|  | 200 | 236 | 420 | 2 | 1.65 | 11 | 192,000 |
|  | 100 | 118 | 210 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 11 | 192,000 |
|  | 40 | 48 | 84 | 9.7 | 8.05 | 11 | 9,600 |
|  | 20 | 23.6 | 42 | 19.3 | 16.2 | 11 | 4,800 |
|  | 10 | 11.8 | 21 | 38.3 | 32.5 | 11 | 2,400 |
|  | 4 | 4.8 | 8.4 | 95.5 | 81.5 | 11 | 1,200 |
|  | 2 | 2.4 | 4.2 | 191 | 162.5 | 11 | 600 |
|  | 1 | 1.18 | 2.1 | 380 | 326.5 | 11 | 600 |
|  | 0.4 | 0.48 | 0.84 | 950 | 815 | 11 | 300 |
|  | 0.2 | 0.24 | 0.42 | 1,895 | 1,630 | 11 | 300 |

[^2]
[^0]:    ${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $140 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

[^1]:    ${ }^{*}$ ) The A/D converter's delay time for all sample rates is $293 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

[^2]:    ${ }^{*}$ ) The $A / D$ converter's delay time for all sample rates is $141 \mu$ s and this is not taken into account in the "runtime" column!

